



2.0 - 6.8 MHz  
Convex C3-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz  
Linear L7-E



7.0 - 18.0 MHz(With FHI)  
Linear L12-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz  
Linear L7W-E



4.0 - 12.0 MHz  
Transvaginal V6-E



4.0 - 15.0 MHz  
Transvaginal V7-E



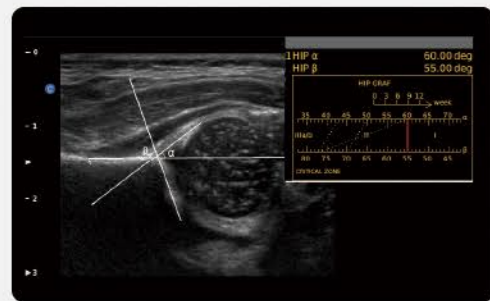
4.0 - 15.0 MHz  
Trans-Rectal L7R-E



2.0 - 6.8 MHz  
Micro-Convex MC3-E



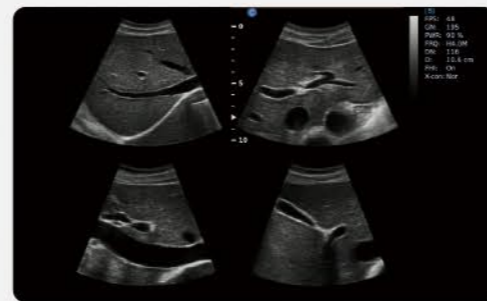
4.0 - 12.0 MHz  
Micro-Convex MC6-E



HIP Graf



Gallbladder stone, B Mode



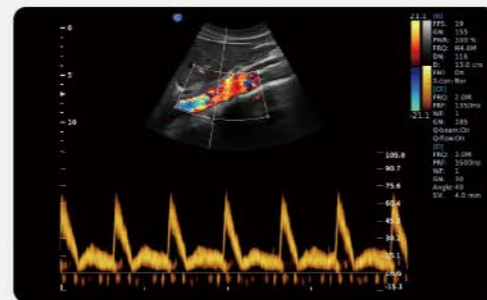
Abdomen, 4B Mode



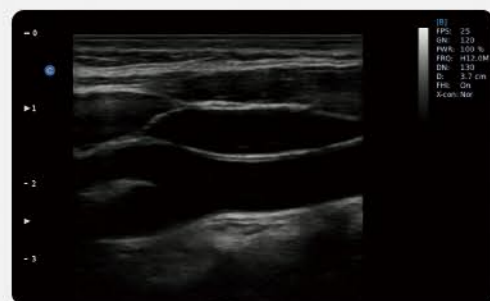
Pancreas, B/BC Mode



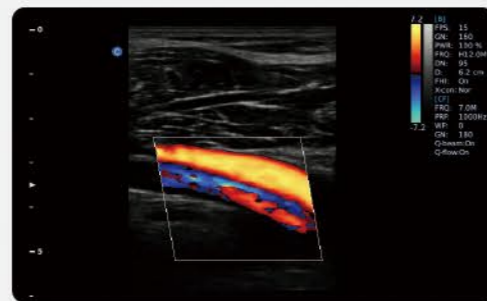
Umbilical cord, C Mode



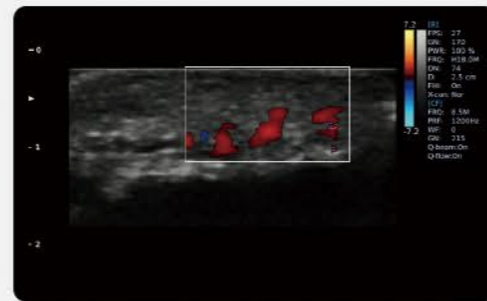
Aorta Artery, PW Mode



CCA, ICA, ECA, B Mode



Popliteal Artery and Vein



Fingertip Vessle, C Mode

# EBit 30





# Ergonomic Design

I need a portable, light-weight ultrasound which is easy to go, easy to diagnose, easy to operate with sufficient measurement packages.

- Independent angle 15"LED ( 0° - 30° tilted )
- Lightweight ( 7.5Kg / 16.5lbs)
- Dual transducer ports ( Built-in )
- Probe holders
- Removable battery , 120 minutes in active mode
- Theft-proof lock
- Dediceted adapter Space
- Printer socket
- Accessory box
- Trolley height adjustable(Three levels available)



## FHI

- FHI is an innovative harmonic imaging technology that uses multiple transmission and receiving methods based on the patients' size and weight. This allows the EBit to maintain image resolution when imaging larger patients.
- Traditional Tissue Harmonics and Phased Harmonics compromise image quality and resolution when penetration is increased.
- Chison's FHI technology greatly improves diagnostic abilities and clinical confidence in larger, difficult-to-image patients.



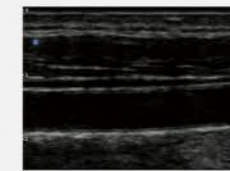
FHI OFF



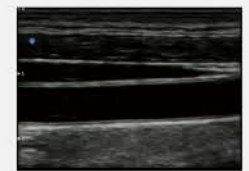
FHI ON

## Q-image

- These innovative algorithms have strengthened the image enhancement results significantly.
- Advanced chipset is used to ensure fast frame rate.



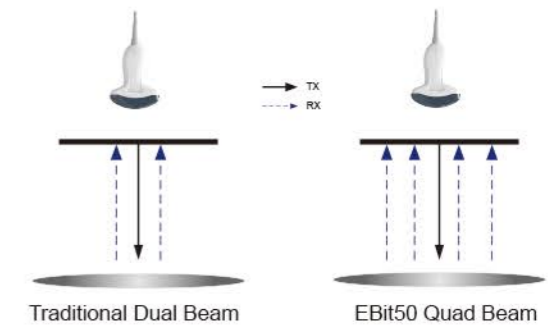
OFF



ON

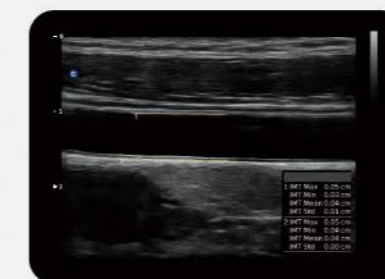
## Q-beam

- Compared to the traditional dual-beam former on most ultrasound machines, the EBit50 uses quad-beam technology for ultrasound signal receiving.
- Doubles the volume of signals received from traditional methods, increasing image resolution and generating more accurate images.
- Produces higher frame rates, ensuring better diagnostic confidence and efficiency, especially for moving organs.



## Auto IMT

Automatically traces the intima, and measures the thickness of the intima. This allows you to measure the intima faster, more easily and more accurately.



## Elastography

Elastography displays tissue stiffness in real time to provide doctors with additional diagnostic information when scanning organs like liver and breast.

